CARP LAKE TOWNSHIP EMMET COUNTY, MICHIGAN

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS WITH REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION for the year ended March 31, 2014



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CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS & BUSINESS ADVISORS

January 7, 2015

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

To the Township Board of

Carp Lake Township:

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Carp Lake Township, as of and for the year ended March 31, 2014, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Township's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Carp Lake Township Board January 7, 2015

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Carp Lake Township, as of March 31, 2014, and the respective changes in financial position for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis and budgetary comparison information on pages 3 through 7 and 23 through 25 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Rasmussen, Teller, O'Neil and Christman, P.C.

This section of the Township's annual financial report presents our discussion and analysis of the Township's financial performance during the fiscal year ended March 31, 2014. Please read it in conjunction with the financial statements, which immediately follow this section.

USING THIS ANNUAL REPORT

This annual report consists of a series of financial statements. The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities provide information about the activities of the Township as a whole and present a longer-term view of the Township's finances. Fund financial statements tell how these services were financed in the short-term, as well as what remains for future spending. Fund financial statements also report the Township's operations in more detail than the government-wide financial statements.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This annual report consists of three parts: 1) management's discussion and analysis; 2) the basic financial statements; and 3) required supplementary information. The basic financial statements include two different kinds of statements that present different views of the Township.

The first two statements are government-wide financial statements and provide both long and shortterm information about our overall financial status. These statements present governmental activities.

The remaining statements are fund financial statements, which focus on individual parts of the Township in more detailed data.

The notes to the financial statements explain some of the information in the statements and provide more detailed data.

Required supplementary information further explains and supports the financial statement information with budgetary comparisons.

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The government-wide statements report information about the Township as a whole, using accounting methods used by private companies. The Statement of Net Position includes all of the Township's assets and liabilities. The Statement of Activities records all of the current year's revenues and expenses, regardless of when received or paid.

The two Government-wide statements report net position and how it has changed. Net position is the difference between the Township's assets and liabilities. This is one method to measure our financial health or position.

Over time, increases or decreases in the Township's net position is an indicator of whether financial position is improving or deteriorating.

To assess the overall health of the Township, you may also consider additional factors such as tax base changes, facility conditions, and personnel changes.

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

The government-wide financial statements distinguish functions of the Township that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (governmental activities) from other functions that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of the costs through user fees and charges (business-type activities). The governmental activities of the Township include legislative, general government, public safety, public works, and recreation and culture.

FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The fund financial statements provide more detailed information about the Township's funds, focusing on significant (major) funds, not the Township as a whole. Funds are used to account for specific activities or funding sources. Some funds are required by law or bond covenants. They may also be created by the Township Board. Funds are established to account for funding and spending of specific financial resources and to show proper expenditure of those resources.

The Township has the following types of funds:

Governmental Funds. Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a government's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

The Township maintains three individual governmental funds. Information is presented separately in the governmental fund balance sheet and in the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances for the general fund, fire fund, and road fund, all of which are considered to be major funds.

A budgetary comparison schedule has been provided for the major budgetary funds to demonstrate compliance with their annual appropriated budget.

Fiduciary Funds. Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the government. Fiduciary funds are not reflected in the government-wide statement because the resources of those funds are not available to support the Township's own programs.

There are no business-type activities or component units.

GOVERNMENT-WIDE AND FUND FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

The Township's net position for the governmental funds is \$937,132 for the fiscal year ended March 31, 2014. Since the Township is only required to have an audit performed every two years, we are using the last audited information for comparative analysis.

Net Position as of March 31, 2014 and 2012

	Governmental Activities					
		3/31/14		3/31/12	Di	fference
Current assets Capital assets (net)	\$	720,170 223,629	\$	733,203 259,219	\$	(13,033) (35,590)
Total assets	\$	943,799	\$	992,422	\$	(48,623)
Current liabilities Long-term liabilities	\$	6,667 -	\$	13,774 5,531	\$	(7,107) (5,531)
Total liabilities	\$	6,667	\$	19,305	\$	(12,638)
Net Position: Invested in capital assets Nonspendable Restricted Unrestricted	\$	223,629 - 189,728 523,775	\$	248,013 5,434 195,261 524,409	\$	(24,384) (5,434) (5,533) (634)
Total net position	\$	937,132	\$	973,117	\$	(35,985)

Governmental Activities - At the completion of the Township's fiscal year ended March 31, 2014, its governmental funds reported a net position of \$937,132. Of this amount \$223,629 is invested in capital assets, \$110,666 is restricted for fire protection, and \$79,062 is restricted for road work. The remaining balance of \$523,775 represents unrestricted net position that may be used to meet the Township's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors.

General Fund - The General Fund is the main operating fund of the Township. The General Fund increased its fund balance in the current fiscal year by \$19,559, bringing the balance to \$519,983. This increase was greater than what was budgeted by \$19,559, as a result of revenues being greater than budgeted amounts and expenses being less than budgeted amounts.

Road Fund - The Road Fund ended the year with restricted fund balance of \$79,062. This was an increase of \$7,412 from the previous year and was primarily a result of revenues being greater than budgeted amounts.

Fire Fund - The Fire Fund ended the year with a restricted fund balance of \$114,458. This was an increase of \$5,551 from the previous year, and was a result of revenues being greater than budgeted amounts, other financial sources being less than budgeted amounts and expenses being less than budgeted amounts.

The following table shows the change in the net position for the years ended March 31, 2014 and 2012.

	Governmental Activities					
	3/31/14			3/31/12		fference
REVENUES:						
Program revenues:						
Charges for services	\$	13,225	\$	9,320	\$	3,905
Operating grants and contributions		14,183		14,287		(104)
Capital grants and contributions		-		1,000		(1,000)
General revenues:						
Property taxes and fees		164,209		167,747		(3,538)
State shared revenue		56,125		52,327		3,798
Interest income		1,063		1,864		(801)
Other revenue		1,000		4,131		(3,131)
Total revenues		249,805		250,676		(871)
EXPENSES:						
General government		86,559		75,255		11,304
Legislative		2,288		2,175		113
Public works		36,132		47,328		(11,196)
Public safety		77,145		66,295		10,850
Recreation and culture		39,367		37,474		1,893
Interest on long-term debt		-		636		(636)
Total expenses		241,491		229,163		12,328
Change in net position		8,314		21,513		(13,199)
Beginning net positon		928,818		951,604		(22,786)
Ending net position	\$	937,132	\$	973,117	\$	(35,985)

Change in Net Position for the years ended March 31, 2014 and 2012

The net position increased by \$8,314 for the current year compared to an increase of \$21,513 for 2012. Total revenues remained consistent with 2012, tax revenues decreased due to a drop in taxable values but State shared revenues increased approximately seven percent over 2012. Expenditures increased for 2014, primarily due to an increase in public safety and general government expenses, offset by decreases in public works expenditures.

BUDGETARY HIGHLIGHTS

Actual general fund expenditures were \$8,481 less than the final budget, revenues were \$15,673 higher than budget, and other financial sources were \$4,595 less than budget, which resulted in a net increase in revenues over expenditures over budget by \$19,559. Road Fund actual revenues were higher than budgeted revenues by \$1,615 and expenditures were under budget by \$2, resulting in a net increase in revenues over expenditures over budget by \$1,617. Fire fund actual revenues were higher than budgeted revenues by \$7,612, expenditures were under budget by \$2,129 and other financial sources were under budget by \$4,192, resulting in a net increase in revenues over expenditures by \$4,192, resulting in a net increase in revenues over budget by \$4,192, resulting in a net increase in revenues over budget by \$5,549.

CAPITAL ASSET ACTIVITY

At the year end March 31, 2014, the Township had \$223,629 invested in a broad range of capital assets, including buildings, office equipment, furniture and fixtures and fire equipment and vehicles. During the year ended March 31, 2014 the Township invested \$9,504 in fire safety equipment.

ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEAR'S BUDGETES AND RATES

In the upcoming year, the Township is not expecting any significant projects that will create a need to change the budget from the previous year. The Township will again be closely monitoring its budget as revenues will remain relatively the same as the Township continues to try to cut expenses.

CONTACTING THE TOWNSHIP'S MANAGEMENT

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, creditors, investors and customers with a general overview of the Township's finances and to demonstrate the Township's accountability for the revenues it receives. If you have any questions concerning this report please contact the Township Clerk's office at 10471 N. Hayes Lane, Carp Lake, Michigan 49718.

CARP LAKE TOWNSHIP STATEMENT OF NET POSITION March 31, 2014

		Governmento Activities	
	ASSETS		
Cash and cash equivalents Taxes receivable Prepaid insurance Due from other governmental units Due from other funds Capital assets - net of depreciation		\$	687,473 17,430 6,215 8,212 840 223,629
TOTAL ASSETS		\$	943,799
	LIABILITIES		
Accounts payable Accrued and other liabilities		\$	890 5,777
TOTAL LIABILITIES			6,667
	NET POSITION		
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt Restricted Unrestricted			223,629 189,728 523,775
TOTAL NET POSITION		\$	937,132

CARP LAKE TOWNSHIP STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES for the year ended March 31, 2014

Not (Ermongo)

]	Program	m Revenue	s	Re (et (Expense) evenue and Change in let Position
	E	xpenses		arges for ervices	Gro	perating ants and tributions	Capital Grants and Contribution		overnmental Activities
Governmental activities: General government Legislative Public works Public safety Recreation and culture	\$	(86,559) (2,288) (36,132) (77,145) (39,367) (241,491)	\$	225 	\$	499 1,939 6,945 4,800 - 14,183	\$\$	- \$ - - - - -	(85,835) (349) (29,187) (59,345) (39,367)
Total governmental activities	Gen Pr St In	eral revenue operty taxes ate shared r terest incom	es: evenue e		<u>.</u>	14,103	φ	- p	(214,083) 164,209 56,125 1,063 1,000
		ll general rev nge in net po							222,397 8,314
		position, beg position, enc						\$	928,818 937,132

CARP LAKE TOWNSHIP BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS March 31, 2014

	General Fund			Road Fund	Fire Func		Gov	Total vernmental Funds
ASSETS								
Cash and cash equivalents Taxes receivable Prepaid insurance Due from other funds Due from other governmental units	\$	500,881 10,664 2,423 840 8,212	\$	75,679 3,383 - -	-	913 383 792 - -	\$	687,473 17,430 6,215 840 8,212
Total assets	\$	523,020	\$	79,062	\$ 118,0	88	\$	720,170
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES								
LIABILITIES: Accounts payable	\$		\$		\$ 8	390	\$	890
Accrued and other liabilities	Ψ	3,037	Ψ	-		740	Ψ	5,777
Total liabilities		3,037		-	3,6	630		6,667
FUND BALANCES: Nonspendable Restricted:		2,423		-	3,7	792		6,215
Fire protection Roads Unassigned		- - 517,560		- 79,062 -	110,6	666 - -		110,666 79,062 517,560
Total fund balances		519,983		79,062	114,4	158		713,503
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$	523,020	\$	79,062	\$ 118,0		\$	720,170

CARP LAKE TOWNSHIP RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION March 31, 2014

TOTAL FUND BALANCE - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS	\$ 713,503
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:	
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not used in the funds.	 223,629
NET POSITION OF GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES	\$ 937,132

CARP LAKE TOWNSHIP STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS for the year ended March 31, 2014

	General Fund		Road Fund																																																																				 Fire Fund	Gov	Total vernmental Funds
Revenues: Taxes and fees State grants Charges for services Other contribution Interest Other revenue	\$	93,744 58,064 225 499 971	\$	35,223 6,945 - - 22 -	\$ 35,242 - 13,000 4,800 70 1,000	\$	164,209 65,009 13,225 5,299 1,063 1,000																																																																		
Total revenue		153,503		42,190	 54,112		249,805																																																																		
Expenditures: Current: Legislative General government Public works Public safety Recreation and culture Capital outlay Total expenditures		2,288 82,903 1,354 8,032 39,367 - 133,944		- 34,778 - - 34,778	 - - 39,057 - 9,504 48,561		2,288 82,903 36,132 47,089 39,367 9,504 217,283																																																																		
Net change in fund balances Fund balance, beginning of year		19,559 500,424		7,412 71,650	 5,551 108,907		32,522 680,981																																																																		
Fund balance, end of year	\$	519,983	\$	79,062	\$ 114,458	\$	713,503																																																																		

CARP LAKE TOWNSHIP RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES for the year ended March 31, 2014

NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES - TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS	\$ 32,522
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:	
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of these assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation.	
Expenditures for capital assets Current year depreciation	9,504 (33,712)
CHANGE IN NET POSITION OF GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES	\$ 8,314

CARP LAKE TOWNSHIP STATEMENTS OF NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUNDS March 31, 2014

TAX COLLECTION FUND

ASSET, Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 840
LIABILITY, Due to other funds	\$ 840
PARADISE LAKE ESTATES CONDOMINIUM ASSOCIATION FUND	
ASSET, Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 16,736
LIABILITY, Due to Paradise Lake Estates Condominium Association	\$ 16,736

NOTE A - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES:

The accounting policies of Carp Lake Township (the Township) conform to generally accepted accounting principles, as applicable to governments. The following is a summary of the most significant policies followed by Carp Lake Township:

Reporting Entity

The Township, which covers an area of approximately 35 square miles, is located in Emmet County and provides services to approximately 750 residents in many areas including public safety, public works, general administrative service, and community recreation and culture. The Township is a general law Township, and is governed by a 5-member board elected by the citizens of the Township. The board consists of the supervisor, clerk, treasurer and two trustees, all of whom reside in the Township.

In accordance with generally accepted accounting principles and Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 14, "The Financial Reporting Entity" and GASB Statement No. 39, "Determining Whether Certain Organizations are Component Units," these financial statements present the Local Unit (primary government). The criteria established by GASB statements for determining the reporting entity includes oversight responsibility, fiscal dependency and whether the financial statements would be misleading if component unit data were not included. Accordingly, there are no other governmental organizations required to be included in the financial statements of the Township.

Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net position and the statement of activities) report information on all of the non-fiduciary activities of the Township. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. Governmental activities normally are supported by taxes and inter-governmental revenues.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment is offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Program revenues include: 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

NOTE A - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued):

Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Financial Statement Presentation

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as are fiduciary fund financial statements. Revenue is recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenue in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenue is recognized as soon as it is both measurable and available. Revenue is considered to be available if it is collected within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the government considers revenues to be available if they are collected with 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, expenditures relating to compensated absences, and claims and judgments are recorded only when payment is due.

Property taxes, state revenue sharing, and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the Township.

The Township reports the following major governmental funds:

The **General Fund** is the Township's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

The **Fire Fund** is a special revenue fund used to account for revenues and expenses attributable to the Township's fire department. It accounts for the Township millage revenue that is restricted for the operation of the fire department.

The **Road Fund** is a special revenue fund used to account for revenues and expenses attributable to improvement for various roads located within the Township. It accounts for the Township millage revenue that is restricted for road improvements and maintenance.

Additionally, the Township reports the following fiduciary funds:

The **Tax Collection Fund** is used to account for property taxes and special assessments collected for the township and taxes collected as an agent for other governmental units.

The Paradise Lake Estates Condominium Association Fund is used to account for funds collected and held for the benefit of the Association.

Fiduciary activities are not included in the government-wide financial statements.

NOTE A - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued):

Interfund Receivables and Payables

In general, outstanding balances between funds are reported as "due to/from other funds". Activity between funds that is representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year is referred to as "advances to/from other funds".

Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant, and equipment, are reported in the applicable governmental column in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the Township as assets with an initial individual cost of more than \$400 and an estimated useful life in excess of one year. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend asset lives are not capitalized.

Property, plant and equipment is depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

<u>Assets</u>	Years
Buildings and Improvements	15-40
Machinery and Equipment	5-10
Office Equipment	5-10
Vehicles	5-20

Fund Balance Classifications

The Township has implemented GASB Statement No. 54, *Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions*, ("GASB 54"). This Statement defines the different types of fund balances that a governmental entity must use for financial reporting purposes. GASB 54 requires the fund balance to be properly reported within one of the fund balance categories listed below:

Nonspendable - Includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are either not spendable in form or are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. This classification totals \$6,215 at March 31, 2014.

NOTE A - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued):

Fund Balance Classifications (Continued)

Restricted - Includes amounts restricted by external sources (creditors, laws of other governments, etc.) or by constitutional provision or enabling legislation.

The statement of net position and governmental funds balance sheet include the following restrictions:

Fire Fund	\$110,666
Road Fund	\$ 79,062

Committed - Includes amounts that can only be used for specific purposes determined by a formal action of the highest level of decision making authority (Board of Trustees). These amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the Board removes or changes the specified use by taking the same type of action (Board Resolution) that was employed when the funds were initially committed.

Assigned - Includes amounts a government intends to use for a specific purpose. Intent can be expressed by the Board of Trustees or by an official body to which the Board delegates the authority.

Unassigned - Unassigned fund balance totals of \$517,560 at March 31, 2014 and includes all amounts not included in other classifications. Unassigned amounts are available for any other purpose.

In circumstances where an expenditure is to be made for a purpose for which amounts are available in multiple fund balance classifications, it is the Township's practice that the order in which resources will be expended is as follows: restricted fund balance, followed by committed fund balance, assigned fund balance, and lastly, unassigned fund balance; however, the Township reserves the right to selectively spend unassigned resources first to defer the use of other classified funds.

<u>Use of Estimates</u>

The presentation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities; disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements; and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Other Financing Sources (Uses)

In the fund financial statements, the transfers of cash between the various Township funds are budgeted but reported separately from revenues and expenditures as operating transfers in or (out), unless they represent temporary advances that are to be repaid, in which case they are carried as assets and liabilities of the advancing or borrowing funds.

NOTE B - STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE, AND ACCOUNTABILITY:

Budget Information

Budgets are adopted by the Township officials for the General and Special Revenue Funds. The Township follows the following procedures in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the financial statements:

- 1. Prior to the beginning of the fiscal year, a proposed budget is submitted to the Township Board for the fiscal year commencing on April 1. The operating budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing them.
- 2. A public hearing is conducted to obtain taxpayer comments.
- 3. Prior to March 31, the budget is legally enacted through passage of a resolution.
- 4. Any revisions of the budget must be approved by the Township Board.
- 5. Budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Budgeted amounts are as originally adopted, or as amended by the Township Board during the fiscal year.
- 6. The budget is prepared by fund and function and includes information on the past year, current year estimates and requested appropriations for the next fiscal year. Expenditures may not exceed budget at the function level.
- 7. The budget was amended during the year with supplemental appropriations and was approved prior to March 31, 2014.

The Township Board's budgetary procedures are in compliance with P.A. 621 of 1978 (The Uniform Budgeting Act) for the year ended March 31, 2014.

Excess of Expenditures over Appropriations in Budgeted Funds

Public Act 2 of 1968, as amended, requires that adoption of a balanced budget for general and special revenue funds, as well as budget amendments as needed to prevent actual expenditures from exceeding those provided for in the budget.

During the year ended March 31, 2014, the Township incurred expenditures in excess of amounts appropriated, as follows:

Fund and Function	Final Budget		Final Budget Actual		Variance	
General Fund, Recreation and culture	\$	15,215	\$	39,367	\$	24,152

NOTE C - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS:

The Township's cash deposits were reported in the basic financial statements in the following categories at March 31, 2014:

	Governmental Activities		Fiduciary Funds	 Total
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	687,473	\$ 17,576	\$ 705,049

Custodial Credit Risk - Deposits

Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the Township's deposits may not be returned. The Township does not have a deposit policy for custodial credit risk. At March 31, 2014, the bank balances were \$726,431 of which \$575,836 was insured and \$150,595 was uninsured and uncollateralized.

Michigan Compiled Laws, Section 129.91, authorizes the Township to deposit and invest in the accounts of federally insured banks, credit unions, and savings and loan associations which have an office in Michigan. The Township is allowed to invest in bonds, securities and other direct obligations of the United States, or any agency or instrumentality of the United States; United States government or federal agency obligations; repurchase agreements; banker's acceptance of United States banks; commercial paper rated within the two highest classifications, which mature not more than 270 days after the date of purchase; obligations of the State of Michigan or its political subdivisions which are rated as investment grade; and mutual funds composed of investment vehicles which are legal for direct investment by local units of government in Michigan.

The Township's deposits are in accordance with statutory authority.

NOTE D - PROPERTY TAXES:

The Township's property taxes are levied in December on the taxable valuation of property located in the Township as of December 31 of the preceding tax year. The tax is due on February 14 of the year after it is levied with a final collection date of February 28, at which time it is sold to and collected by Emmet County if not collected by the Township. Property tax revenue is recognized in the fiscal year in which the taxes are levied.

The Township is permitted by state law, subject to State Headlee and Truth in Taxation provisions, to levy taxes up to \$1 per \$1,000 of state taxable valuation for general government operations and an additional general operations levy of \$1 per \$1,000. In addition, the residents of the Township have approved an additional \$1 per \$1,000 specifically for fire protection and \$1 per \$1,000 for roads.

Purpose	Rate/Assessed Valuation
Operations:	
General governmental operations	2.0000 per \$1,000
Fire protection	1.0000 per \$1,000
Roads	1.0000 per \$1,000

The 2013 state taxable valuation for the township was \$35,288,574, raising approximately \$35,300 per 1.0 mill.

The Township also bills and collects taxes for other governmental units. The collection and remittance of such taxes is accounted for in the Tax Collection Fund.

NOTE E - CAPITAL ASSETS:

Capital asset activity for the year ended March 31, 2014 is as follows:

	eginning Balance	In	creases	Deci	reases	Ending Balance
Governmental Activities:						
Capital assets not being depreciated,						
Land	\$ 47,521	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 47,521
Capital assets being depreciated:						
Buildings and improvements	110,802		-		-	110,802
Office and other equipment	15,254		-		-	15,254
Fire equipment	131,007		9,504		-	140,511
Fire vehicles	 344,666		-		-	344,666
Subtotal	601,729		9,504		-	611,233
Less accumulated depreciation	 401,413		33,712		-	 435,125
Net capital assets being depreciated	 200,316		(24,208)		_	 176,108
Governmental activities net capital assets	\$ 247,837	\$	(24,208)	\$	-	\$ 223,629

Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs of the primary government as follows:

Governmental activities:	
General Government	\$ 3,656
Public Safety	 30,056
Total depreciation expense - governmental activities	\$ 33,712

NOTE F - INTERFUND RECEIVABLES AND PAYABLES:

The amounts of interfund receivables and payables between funds of the Township are as follows:

	 erfund eivable
General Fund	\$ 840
	erfund Iyable
Tax Collection Fund	\$ 840

The purpose of the interfund balances is to record amounts due to and due from funds for collections of tax and payments in-lieu-of tax distributions. All amounts are expected to be repaid within one year.

NOTE G - PENSION PLAN:

The Township entered into a money purchase pension plan and trust that was effective July 1, 1991. Municipal Retirement Systems, Inc., is the pension plan provider, and the plan is administered by the Township Board, under section 401(a) of the Internal Revenue Code and is a defined contribution plan. In a defined contribution plan, benefits depend solely on amounts contributed to the plan plus investment earnings. The plan is available to all Township salaried employees who are 18 years or age or older. All participants are 100% vested upon entry into the plan. Upon employment termination, the vested portion of the accrued benefits is available as a cash payment, or may remain in the plan until retirement.

In February 2009, the Board elected to discontinue contributions to the pension plan. No contributions were made to the plan for the fiscal year 2014 and all but two participants had withdrawn their funds before the end of the current fiscal year.

NOTE H - RISK MANAGEMENT:

The Township is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. The Township continues to carry commercial insurance for property, liability, wrongful acts, crime, and inland marine.

CARP LAKE TOWNSHIP BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE GENERAL FUND for the year ended March 31, 2014

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Favorable (Unfavorable)
Revenues: Taxes and fees	\$ 84,000	\$ 84,980	\$ 93,744	\$ 8,764
State grants	ъ 84,000 50,000	ъ 04,900 48,845	ъ 93,744 58,064	ъ 8,704 9,219
Charges for services	400	2,130	225	(1,905)
Other contributions	-	1,875	499	(1,376)
Interest			971	971
Total revenues	134,400	137,830	153,503	15,673
Expenditures:				
Current:	0.050	0.000	0.000	10
Legislative	2,650 121,930	2,300 115,480	2,288 82,903	12 32,577
General government Public works	6,000	113,460	82,903 1,354	32,377 21
Public safety	10,500	8,055	8,032	23
Recreation and culture	18,090	15,215	39,367	(24,152)
Total expenditures	159,170	142,425	133,944	8,481
Excess of revenues over				
(under) expenditures	(24,770)	(4,595)	19,559	24,154
Other financing sources (uses):				
Interfund transfers - In	25,000	4,595	-	(4,595)
Interfund transfers - Out				-
Total other financing sources (uses)	25,000	4,595		(4,595)
Net change in fund balance	230	-	19,559	\$ 19,559
Fund balance, beginning of year	500,424	500,424	500,424	
Fund balance, end of year	\$ 500,654	\$ 500,424	\$ 519,983	

CARP LAKE TOWNSHIP BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE ROAD FUND for the year ended March 31, 2014

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Favorable (Unfavorable)
Revenues:	* 04.000	* ~~~~~	ф. о <u>г</u> . ооо	* 1500
Taxes and fees	\$ 34,000 2,000	\$ 33,630 6,945	\$ 35,223 6,945	\$ 1,593
State grants Interest	Z,000 -	0,940	0,943	- 22
Total revenues	36,000	40,575	42,190	1,615
Expenditures,				
Public works, Roads	59,900	34,780	34,778	2
Excess of revenues over (under) expenditures	(23,900)	5,795	7,412	1,617
Other financing sources (uses): Interfund transfers - In Interfund transfers - Out	24,000	-	-	-
Total other financing sources (uses)	24,000			
Net change in fund balance	100	5,795	7,412	\$ 1,617
Fund balance, beginning of year	71,650	71,650	71,650	
Fund balance, end of year	\$ 71,750	\$ 77,445	\$ 79,062	

CARP LAKE TOWNSHIP BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE FIRE FUND for the year ended March 31, 2014

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Favorable (Unfavorable)
Revenues: Taxes and fees Charges for services Other contributions Interest Other revenue	\$ 34,050 7,000 4,500 -	\$ 33,700 7,000 4,800 - 1,000	\$ 35,242 13,000 4,800 70 1,000	\$ 1,542 6,000 - 70 -
Total revenues	45,550	46,500	54,112	7,612
Expenditures: Public safety: Operating expenses Capital outlay	39,200 8,500	38,510 12,180	39,057 9,504	(547) 2,676
Total expenditures	47,700	50,690	48,561	2,129
Excess of revenues over (under) expenditures	(2,150)	(4,190)	5,551	9,741
Other financing sources (uses): Interfund transfers - In Interfund transfers - Out	17,500	4,192	-	(4,192)
Total other financing sources (uses)	17,500	4,192		(4,192)
Net change in fund balance	15,350	2	5,551	\$ 5,549
Fund balance, beginning of year	108,907	108,907	108,907	
Fund balance, end of year	\$ 124,257	\$ 108,909	\$ 114,458	

RASMUSSEN, TELLER, O'NEIL & CHRISTMAN

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS & BUSINESS ADVISORS

January 7, 2015

To the Township Board of

Carp Lake Township:

We have audited the financial statements of Carp Lake Township (the "Township") for the year ended March 31, 2014 and we have issued our report thereon dated January 7, 2015. Professional standards require that we provide you with the following information related to our audit which is divided into the following sections:

Section I - Communications Required Under AU-C 265 (page 2-5) Section II - Communications Required Under AU-C 260 (pages 6-7)

Section I includes any deficiencies we observed in the Township's accounting principles or internal controls that we believe are significant. Current auditing standards require us to formally communicate annually matters we note about the Township's accounting policies and internal controls.

Section II includes information that current auditing standards require independent auditors to communicate to those individuals charged with governance. We will report this information annually to those charged with the Township's governance.

These communications are intended solely for the use of the Township Board of Carp Lake Township and are not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than those specified parties.

We would like to take this opportunity to thank the Township for the cooperation and courtesy extended to us during our audit. We welcome any questions you may have regarding the following communications, and we would be willing to discuss any of these or other questions that you might have at your convenience.

Sincerely,

Rasmussen, Teller, D'Neil & Christman, P.C.

Section I - Communications Required Under AU-C 265

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements of Carp Lake Township (the Township) as of and for the year ended March 31, 2014, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, we considered the Township's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Township's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Township's internal control.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the preceding paragraph and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be significant deficiencies or material weaknesses and therefore there can be no assurance that all such deficiencies have been identified. However, as discussed below, we identified certain deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses and other deficiencies that we consider to be significant deficiencies.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. We consider the following deficiencies in the Township's internal controls to be material weaknesses:

Preparation of Financial Statements in Accordance with Generally Accepted Accounting Principles (GAAP)

Comment: As many small and medium-sized governmental entities do, the Township has historically relied on its independent external auditors to assist in the preparation of the government-wide financial statements, fund financial statements, and notes to financial statements as part of its external financial reporting process. Accordingly, the Township's ability to prepare financial statements in accordance with GAAP is based, in part, on its reliance on its external auditors, who cannot by definition be considered to be a part of the Township's internal controls.

Effect: The Township lacks internal controls over the preparation of financial statements in accordance with GAAP, and instead relies, in part, on its external auditors for assistance with this duty.

Recommendation: We recommend that the board designate a responsible Township official to carefully review the draft financial statements including the notes, prior to approving them and accepting responsibility for their content and presentation.

Response: The Township treasurer and Township clerk will carefully review the audit report, and will together take the necessary steps to remedy the listed deficiencies.

MATERIAL WEAKNESSES (CONTINUED)

Generally Accepted Accounting Principles - Clerk - Accruals

Comment: Accruals (delinquent taxes receivable, due from state and accounts payable) were not recorded for the governmental funds, prior to the audit adjustments.

Effect: The corresponding revenue and expenditure accounts are not reflective of activity for the period as revenue and expense accounts were understated.

Recommendation: We recommend that the Township record accruals at the end of each fiscal year. The accruals should be reconciled to subsidiary records to support the balances in the respective accounts within the general ledger.

Response: The Township clerk will record accruals at the end of each fiscal year.

Lack of Monitoring/Segregation of Duties

Comment: As is the case with many organizations of similar size, the Township lacks a sufficient number of accounting personnel to ensure a complete segregation of duties within its accounting function. Ideally, no single individual should ever be able to authorize a transaction, record the transaction in the accounting records, and maintain custody of the assets resulting from the transaction. Proper segregation of duties is intended to prevent an individual from committing an act of fraud or abuse and being able to conceal it. We noted the following internal control material weaknesses which should be addressed or corrected by the Township Board:

- 1. The treasurer is primarily responsible for preparing receipts, preparing deposits, making deposits and investigates any discrepancies related to cash.
- 2. The clerk is responsible for entering the payroll, editing the payroll master file, and resolving employee payroll inquiries.
- 3. The clerk opens mail related to invoices, posts invoices to the system, edits the vendor master file, investigates discrepancies or issues involving expenditures, prepares the checks, and mails the checks.

Effect: The Township is exposed to an increased risk that misstatements or misappropriations may occur and not be detected on a timely basis.

Recommendation: Although it is difficult to balance the costs and benefits of internal controls and the segregation of duties, we nonetheless encourage the Township to actively seek ways to further strengthen its internal control structure by requiring as much independent review, reconciliation and approval of accounting functions by qualified Township personnel as possible.

Response: The Township has analyzed the cost of hiring additional staff and has determined it not cost effective to hire additional staff. The Township will take necessary steps to improve the segregation of duties.

MATERIAL WEAKNESSES (CONTINUED)

Reconciliation of the Bank Statements

Comment: While the bank statements were reconciled by the treasurer and compared to the treasurer's account records, the reconciled bank balances as of March 31, 2014 did not agree with the book balance or general ledger maintained by the clerk, prior to audit adjustments.

Effect: The cash balances in the general ledger were misstated as of March 31, 2014.

Recommendation: We recommend that the Township establish monthly procedures to ensure that all transactions are posted properly and the book balance is reconciled with the respective bank accounts.

Response: The clerk and treasurer will reconcile all bank balances on a monthly basis.

A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance. We consider the following deficiencies in Township's internal control to be significant deficiencies:

Payroll Taxes

Comment: Payroll tax forms and payroll tax deposits were not made timely.

Effect: The Township could be liable for penalties and interest for late payments and penalties for not timely filing.

Recommendation: We recommend that the Form 941's be filed timely and payroll tax deposits be paid timely.

Response: The Township clerk will timely file payroll returns and deposits.

Reporting Funds in the General Ledger

Comment: The treasurer maintains an accounting for the Tax Collection fund, but the clerk does not include this fund in the general ledger.

Effect: The cash was not properly reported in the general ledger and the clerk was not maintaining a balance for Tax Collection fund to compare to the treasurer's reconciliation.

Response: The Township will set up the Tax Collection fund in the general ledger and record transactions for this fund.

SIGNIFICANT DEFICIENCIES (CONTINUED)

Social Security Number Privacy Policy

Comment: The Township has not adopted a Social Security Number Privacy Policy.

Effect: The effect of this finding is that the Township could put employees' Social Security numbers at risk.

Response: The Township Board is in the process of developing and adopting this policy.

Conflict of Interest Policy

Comment: The Township has not adopted a Conflict of Interest Policy.

Effect: The effect of this finding is that the Township could conduct business transactions that include a conflict of interest and put Township funds at risk.

Response: The Township Board is in the process of developing and adopting this policy.

Section II - Communications Required Under SAS 114

Our Responsibility Under U.S. Generally Accepted Auditing Standards

We have audited the financial statements of the Carp Lake Township (the Township) for the year ended March 31, 2014. Professional standards require that we provide you with information about our responsibilities under generally accepted auditing standards, as well as certain information related to the planned scope and timing of our audit. We have communicated such information in our engagement letter to you dated July 1, 2014. Professional standards also require that we communicate to you the following information related to our audit.

Significant Audit Findings

Qualitative Aspects of Accounting Practices

Management is responsible for the selection and use of appropriate accounting policies. The significant accounting policies used by Carp Lake Township are described in Note A to the financial statements. No new accounting policies were adopted and the application of existing policies was not changed during the year. We noted no transactions entered into by the Township during the year for which there is a lack of authoritative guidance or consensus. There are no significant transactions that have been recognized in the financial statements in a different period than when the transaction occurred.

Accounting estimates are an integral part of the financial statements prepared by management and are based on management's knowledge and experience about past and current events and assumptions about future events. Certain accounting estimates are particularly sensitive because of their significance to the financial statements and because of the possibility that future events affecting them may differ significantly from those expected. The most sensitive estimate affecting the financial statements was:

Management's estimate of the useful lives of depreciable capital assets is based on the length of time it is believed that those assets will provide some economic benefit in the future. We evaluated the key factors and assumptions used to develop these estimates in determining that they are reasonable in relation to the financial statements taken as a whole.

Certain financial statement disclosures are particularly sensitive because of their significance to financial statement users. We noted no sensitive disclosures that are included in the financial statements.

Difficulties Encountered in Performing the Audit

We encountered no significant difficulties in dealing with management in performing and completing our audit.

Corrected and Uncorrected Misstatements

Professional standards require us to accumulate all known and likely misstatements identified during the audit, other than those that are trivial, and communicate them to the appropriate level of management. Management has corrected all such misstatements. The attached report shows all of the adjusting journal entries, some which are material adjustments, which were posted to the records of the Township as a result of our engagement.

Disagreements with Management

For purposes of this letter, professional standards define a disagreement with management as a financial accounting, reporting, or auditing matter, whether or not resolved to our satisfaction, that could be significant to the financial statements or the auditor's report. We are pleased to report that no such disagreements arose during the course of our audit.

Management Representations

We have requested certain representations from management that are included in the management representation letter dated January 7. 2015.

Management Consultations with Other Independent Accountants

In some cases, management may decide to consult with other accountants about auditing and accounting matters, similar to obtaining a "second opinion" on certain situations. If a consultation involves application of an accounting principle to the Township's financial statements or a determination of the type of auditor's opinion that may be expressed on those statements, our professional standards require the consulting accountant to check with us to determine that the consultant has all the relevant facts. To our knowledge, there were no such consultations with other accountants.

Other Audit Findings or Issues

We generally discuss a variety of matters, including the application of accounting principles and auditing standards, with management each year prior to retention as the Township's auditors. However, these discussions occurred in the normal course of our professional relationship and our responses were not a condition to our retention.

Other Information in Documents Containing Audited Financial Statements

With respect to the supplementary information accompanying the financial statements, we made certain inquiries of management and evaluated the form, content, and methods of preparing the information to determine that the information complies with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, the method of preparing it has not changed from the prior period, and the information is appropriate and complete in relation to our audit of the financial statements. We compared and reconciled the supplementary information to the underlying accounting records used to prepare the financial statements or to the financial statements themselves.

Engagement:	Audit - Carp Lake Township			
Period Ending:	3/31/2014			
Trial Balance:	D.01 - TB			
Workpaper:	D.02 - AJE		D 1.1	o "'
Account	Description	W/P Ref	Debit	Credit
Adjusting Journal	Entries JE # 1	PY TB		
	fund balance to F-65			
101-000-390.000	Fund Balance Fund Balance		46,292.53 79.80	
206-000-390.000 811-000-018.000	Taxes Rec. & Rel. Est. Uncoll. Tx		79.80	
900-000-399.000	Investment in Capital Assets		176.81	
101-000-018.000	Taxes Rec. & Rel. Est. Uncoll.Tx-DO NOT USE			46,292.53
206-000-238.001	Medicare Due to Fed Govt			17.40
206-000-238.002	SS Due to Fed Govt			62.40
811-000-027.000	Taxes Receivable			74.33
900-000-390.000	Fund Balance			176.81
Total			46,623.47	46,623.47
Adjusting Journal		GL		
l o reclass revenue	sharing payments out of assets			
101-000-005.000	State Share Revenue		46,920.00	
101-000-574.000 Total	State share revenue-DO NOT USE		46,920.00	46,920.00 46,920.00
		1115 1		
Adjusting Journal	ed transaction per bank statements	1115.1		
101-000-001.000	Cash-Checking		17,523.73	
206-000-001.000	Cash-Checking		2,186.50	
206-336-864.000	Conferences & Workshops		150.00	
352-000-001.000	Cash-Checking		44,837.92	
811-000-001.000	Cash-Checking		2,336.50	4 070 40
101-000-402.000	Current Real Property Taxes			4,673.19
101-000-445.000	Penalties & Interest on Taxes			14.49 234.03
101-000-447.000 101-000-447.001	Property Tax Administration Fee -Winter Property Tax Administration Fee -Summer			63.48
101-000-447.001	Property Tax Administration Fee -Summer			2,800.00
101-000-574.000	State share revenue-DO NOT USE			9,504.00
101-000-600.000	Charges For Services			100.00
101-000-997.000	Interest on Checking			134.54
206-000-402.000	Current Real Property Taxes			2,336.50
352-906.990.000	Debt Service			44,550.00
352-906.997.000	Interest Income			287.92
811-000-402.000	Current Real Property Taxes			2,336.50
Total			67,034.65	67,034.65
Adjusting Journal		G/L		
I O CLOSE OUT THE PLI	B activity all borrowed funds were repaided by year e	na		
101-000-001.000	Cash-Checking		69,837.92	
352-000-580.000	Contributions from Local Units		69,550.00	
352-906.997.000	Interest Income		287.92	007.00
101-000-992.000 101-906-214.000	Debt Services - Interest Due to Other Funds			287.92 69 550 00
352-000-001.000	Cash-Checking			69,550.00 69,837.92
Total			139,675.84	139,675.84

Adjusting Journal Entries JE # 5 To reclass the \$25,000 PLIB assessment

Client:

03011 - Carp Lake Township

Client: Engagement: Period Ending: Trial Balance: Workpaper:	03011 - Carp Lake Township Audit - Carp Lake Township 3/31/2014 D.01 - TB D.02 - AJE			
Account	Description	W/P Ref	Debit	Credit
101-441-801.000 101-101-802.001	Lake Improvements		25,000.00	25,000,00
Total	Other Services & Charges-Misc fees for services		25,000.00	25,000.00 25,000.00
Adjusting Journal To record interest in	Entries JE # 6 come on savings/MM	1110		
101-000-002.000 206-000-002.000 701-000-002.000 811-000-002.000 101-000-996.000 206-000-996.000 701-000-237.000 811-000-996.000 Total	Cash-Savings Cash-Savings Cash-Savings Cash-Savings Interest on Saving interest on Savings Due to Paradise Estates Interest on Savings		395.44 68.59 8.40 20.64 493.07	395.44 68.59 8.40 20.64 493.07
Adjusting Journal To adjust tax fund ye		1110		
701-000-001.000 701-000-214.000 Total	NW Bank - Tax Fund Due to Other Funds		155.09	155.09 155.09
Adjusting Journal To adjust property ta	Entries JE # 8 axes receivable at 3/31/14	1310		
	Taxes Receivable Current Real Property Taxes Property Tax Administration Fee -Winter Property Tax Administration Fee -Summer Current Real Property Taxes Current Real Property Taxes Taxes Receivable Property Tax Administration Fee -Summer Delinquent Taxes Receivable Taxes Receivable		2,700.00 1,355.42 133.28 236.17 746.98 746.98 746.98	1,724.87 2,700.00 746.98 746.98 5,918.83
Adjusting Journal To adjust prepaids	Entries JE # 9	2140		
101-000-090.000 206-000-090.000 101-101-914.000 206-336-914.000 Total	Prepaid Expenses Prepaid Expenses Insurances Insurance		171.63 116.67 288.30	171.63 116.67 288.30
Adjusting Journal To reclass 941 refur	Entries JE # 10 nds against 941 overpayments	G/L		
101-000-674.000 101-101-802.001 Total	Other Revenues Other Services & Charges-Misc fees for		1,385.10 1,385.10	1,385.10 1,385.10
Adjusting Journal	Entries JE # 11	2210		

Adjusting Journal Entries JE # 11

2210

Client: Engagement: Period Ending: Trial Balance: Worknaper:	03011 - Carp Lake Township Audit - Carp Lake Township 3/31/2014 D.01 - TB D.02 - A /F
Workpaper:	D.02 - AJE

Account	Description	W/P Ref	Debit	Credit
To adjust PR taxes a	and liabilties at year end			
101-000-229.001	Medicare withholding Employee		1,664.83	
101-000-229.002	Social Sec withholding employee		6,181.75	
101-101-802.001	Other Services & Charges-Misc fees for		936.66	
206-000-001.000 101-000-001.000	Cash-Checking Cash-Checking		2,202.07	2,202.07
101-101-238.001	Medicare withholding due to Fed Government			1,247.41
101-101-238.002	Social Sec withholding due to Fed Government			5,333.76
206-101-238.001	Medicare Due to Federal Government			417.39
206-101-238.002 Total	SS Due to Federal Government		10,985.31	1,784.68 10,985.31
Adjusting Journal	Entrine IE # 12	2215		
To adjust 3/31/14 PF		2213		
206-000-257.000	Accrued Wages Payable		296.50	
206-336-703.002	Firefighters salary			296.50
Total			296.50	296.50
Adjusting Journal Entries JE # 13		PY AJE		
To reverse 3/31/14 A	AP, and move expenses			
101-000-202.000	Accounts Payable		745.00	
101-101-802.001	Other Services & Charges-Misc fees for		506.00	
206-000-202.000 206-336-704.000	Accounts Payable		509.94 54.50	
101-000-202.000	supplies Accounts Payable		54.50	506.00
101-751-976.002	Township Parks Maintenance, Improvements,			745.00
206-000-202.000	Accounts Payable			54.50
206-336-752.000	Fire Truck Maintenance			509.94
Total			1,815.44	1,815.44
Adjusting Journal To record GASB 34		1610		
900-000-136.000	Capital Assests - GASB 34		9,504.00	
900-000-968.001	Depreciation Exp - General Fund		3,655.40	
900-000-968.002	Depreciation Exp - Fire Fund		30,055.32	
900-000-137.000	Accumulated Depreciation - GASB 34			33,710.72
900-000-970.002 Total	Capital Additions - Fire Fund		43,214.72	9,504.00 43,214.72
			=	
Adjusting Journal	not considered capital outlay	1615		
206-336-704.000	supplies		2,672.78	
206-336-970.000	New Equipment			2,672.78
Total			2,672.78	2,672.78
Adjusting Journal Entries JE # 16 To adjust Revenue Sharing receivable		1320		
101-000-574.000	State share revenue-DO NOT USE		299.00	
101-000-078.000 Total	Due From State		299.00	299.00 299.00
				200.00
Adjusting Journal Entries JE # 17		1335		

Client: Engagement: Period Ending: Trial Balance: Workpaper:	03011 - Carp Lake Township Audit - Carp Lake Township 3/31/2014 D.01 - TB D.02 - AJE			
Account	Description	W/P Ref	Debit	Credit
To adjust due from t	ax fund for interest/misc			
101-000-084.000 101-000-997.000 Total	Due From Other Funds Interest on Checking		155.49	155.49 155.49
Adjusting Journal	Entries JE # 18	2110		
To record 3/31/14 A 101-101-238.002 206-336-704.000 101-000-229.002 206-000-202.000 Total	Social Sec withholding due to Fed Government		1,370.00 889.78 2,259.78	1,370.00 889.78 2,259.78
Adjusting Journal Entries JE # 19 To net reimbursements from LTBB against expenses		2145		
101-000-600.000 101-101-802.001 Total	Charges For Services Other Services & Charges-Misc fees for services		1,905.00 1,905.00	1,905.00 1,905.00